1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	2nd Session of the 56th Legislature (2018)
3	SENATE BILL 1178 By: Stanislawski
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6	<u>AS INTRODUCED</u>
7	An Act relating to the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act; amending 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-309,
8	as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 323, O.S.L. 2013 (63 O.S. Supp. 2017, Section 2-309), which
9	relates to prescriptions; requiring practitioners to notify patients when prescribing or dispensing
10	opioids; amending 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-314, which relates to labels; making certain language gender-
11	neutral; requiring manufacturers and wholesalers to label opioids as such; and providing an effective
12	date.
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
16	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-309, as
17	last amended by Section 1, Chapter 323, O.S.L. 2013 (63 O.S. Supp.
18	2017, Section 2-309), is amended to read as follows:
19	Section 2-309. A. 1. Except for dosages medically required
20	for a period not to exceed forty-eight (48) hours which are
21	administered by or on direction of a practitioner, other than a
22	pharmacist, or medication dispensed directly by a practitioner,
23	other than a pharmacist, to an ultimate user, no controlled
24	dangerous substance included in Schedule II. which is a prescription

drug as determined under regulation promulgated by the Board of

Pharmacy, may be dispensed without the written prescription of a

practitioner; provided, that in emergency situations, as prescribed

by the Board of Pharmacy by regulation, such drug may be dispensed

upon oral prescription reduced promptly to writing and filed by the

pharmacist in a manner to be prescribed by rules and regulations of

the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous

Drugs Control.

2. Electronic prescribing may be utilized for Schedules II, III, IV, and V, subject to the requirements set forth in 21 CFR, Section 1311 et seq.

- 3. The transmission of written prescription by practitioner to dispensing pharmacy by facsimile or electronic transmission with electronic signature is permitted only under the following conditions:
  - a. for Schedule II drugs, the original prescription must be presented and verified against the facsimile at the time the substances are actually dispensed, and the original document must be properly annotated and retained for filing, except:
    - 1) home infusion pharmacy may consider the facsimile to be a "written prescription" as required by Section 2-101 et seq. of this title and as required by Title 21 U.S.C., Section 829(a). The

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facsimile copy of the prescription shall be retained as an original prescription, and it must contain all the information required by Section 2-101 et seq. of this title and 21 CFR, Section 1306.05(a), including date issued, the patient's full name and address, and the practitioner's name, address, DEA registration number, and signature. The exception to the regulations for home infusion/IV therapy is intended to facilitate the means by which home infusion pharmacies obtain prescriptions for patients requiring the frequently modified parenteral controlled release administration of narcotic substances, but does not extend to the dispensing of oral dosage units of controlled substances,

- (2) the same exception is granted to patients in Long

  Term Care facilities (LTCF), which are filled by

  and delivered to the facility by a dispensing

  pharmacy, and
- (3) an electronic prescription with electronic signature may serve as an original prescription, subject to the requirements set forth in 21 CFR, Section 1311 et seq., and

- b. for drugs in Schedules III and IV, a facsimile copy of a written, signed prescription transmitted directly by the prescribing practitioner to the pharmacy can serve as an original prescription. Electronic prescribing may be utilized for Schedules III and IV subject to the same requirements as set forth in 21 CFR, Section 1311 et seq.
- 4. Prescriptions shall be retained in conformity with the requirements of this section and Section 2-307 of this title. No prescription for a Schedule II substance may be refilled.
- B. 1. Except for dosages medically required for a period not to exceed forty-eight (48) hours which are administered by or on direction of a practitioner, other than a pharmacist, or medication dispensed directly by a practitioner, other than a pharmacist, to an ultimate user, no controlled dangerous substance included in Schedule III or IV, which is a prescription drug as determined under regulation promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy, may be dispensed without a written or oral prescription.
- 2. A written or oral prescription for a controlled dangerous substance in Schedule III or IV may not be filled or refilled more than six (6) months after the date thereof or be refilled more than five times after the date of the prescription, unless renewed by the practitioner.

3. A written or oral prescription for any product containing hydrocodone with another active ingredient shall not be refilled.

- C. No controlled dangerous substance included in Schedule V may be distributed or dispensed other than for a legitimate medical or scientific purpose.
- D. Except for dosages medically required for a period not to exceed forty-eight (48) hours which are administered by or on direction of a practitioner, other than a pharmacist, or medication dispensed directly by a practitioner, other than a pharmacist, to an ultimate user, tincture opium camphorated, commonly known as paregoric, may not be dispensed without a written or oral prescription. The refilling of a prescription for paregoric shall be unlawful unless permission is granted by the prescriber, either written or oral.
- E. Whenever it appears to the Director that a drug not considered to be a prescription drug under existing state law or regulation of the Board of Pharmacy should be so considered because of its abuse potential, the Director shall so advise the Board of Pharmacy and furnish to the Board all available data relevant thereto.
- F. "Prescription", as used herein, means a written or oral order by a practitioner to a pharmacist for a controlled dangerous substance for a particular patient, which specifies the date of its issue, and the full name and address of the patient; if the

1 controlled dangerous substance is prescribed for an animal, the species of the animal; the name and quantity of the controlled 2 3 dangerous substance prescribed; the directions for use; the name and address of the owner of the animal and, if written, the signature of

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the practitioner.

- G. No person shall solicit, dispense, receive or deliver any 6 controlled dangerous substance through the mail, unless the ultimate 7 user is personally known to the practitioner and circumstances 9 clearly indicate such method of delivery is in the best interest of the health and welfare of the ultimate user.
  - H. Whenever a practitioner prescribes or dispenses any opioid drug, he or she shall notify the patient that the substance is an opioid.
- 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-314, is SECTION 2. 14 AMENDATORY amended to read as follows: 15
  - Section 2-314. A. Whenever a manufacturer or wholesaler distributes a controlled dangerous substance in a container prepared by him or her, he or she shall securely affix to each individual container in which that substance is contained a label showing in legible English the name and address of the vendor and the quantity, kind, and form of substance contained therein.
- Whenever a pharmacist dispenses any controlled dangerous 22 substance, he or she shall affix to each immediate container in 23 which such substance is dispensed the prescription number, the date 24

dispensed, the patient's name, the name of the doctor, name and
address of the pharmacy for which he <u>or she</u> is lawfully acting; or,
if the patient is an animal, the name of the owner of the animal and
words "for veterinary use only".

- C. Whenever a practitioner dispenses any controlled dangerous substance, he <u>or she</u> shall affix to each immediate container in which such substance is dispensed a label showing date dispensed, his <u>or her</u> name, <u>his</u> address, <u>his</u> state registration number, <u>and</u> name of the patient, or, if the patient is an animal, the name of the owner of the animal.
- D. No person except a pharmacist for the purpose of filling a prescription shall alter, deface, or remove any label so affixed.
- E. Whenever a manufacturer or wholesaler distributes any opioid drug, in a container prepared by him or her, he or she shall securely affix to each individual container in which that substance is contained a label reading "OPIOID" in legible and conspicuous font.
- SECTION 3. This act shall become effective November 1, 2018.

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